

# EXHIBIT A

WEBSTER'S  
NEW TWENTIETH CENTURY  
DICTIONARY

UNABRIDGED

SECOND EDITION

## abnerval

ab-nér'vál, a. [L. *ab*, from, and *nervis*, nerve.] from a nerve.  
ab'net, n. in ancient times, the girdle of a Jewish priest.  
ab-néral, a. situated in or pertaining to the region opposite to the neural axis.  
ab-nó-dáte, v.t. [L. *abnudare*; *ab*, from, and *nudare*, to cut] to cut knots from (trees) [Obs.]

ab-núltion, n. the act of cutting away the knots of trees. [Obs.]

ab-nor'mál, a. [L. *abnorans*; *ab*, from, and *nor*, rule, norm; not; average; not typical; *norans*, varying from an established standard; anomalous; as, an abnormal appetite of thirst.]

Syn.—eccentric, strange, unusual, unnatural, irregular, anomalous.

ab-nor'máty, a. n. 1. the state of being abnormal.  
2. pl. ab-nor'máties, that which is abnormal.

ab-nor'mál'y, adv. in an abnormal manner.

ab-nor'mál'psy-chol'ógy, the study of the behavior of abnormal people, especially that of the neurotic, psychotic, or feeble-minded.

ab-nor'mál'y, n.; pl. ab-nor'máties, [L. *ab*, *normis*, irregular.]

1. abnormality.  
2. abnormous, a. abnormal.

aboard', adv. 1. within a ship, vessel, or boat; on board; as, he came *aboard* at midnight; also, within or on board of a train or streetcar.

2. by the side of, to lie close aboard.

aboard', n. task; an order to draw a corner of the mainsail down to the chock; to bring all aboard; an imperative phrase notifying passengers to get on a train or other vehicle; an announcement of the intention of starting.

to fall aboard; to strike a ship's side.

to get aboard; to get foul of, as a ship.

to go aboard; to enter a ship; to embark.

aboard', prep. 1. on board of; as, aboard a ship.

2. alongside.

abóo', n. a South American gourd.

abóo'dince, n., an omen. [Obs.]

abóo'de, past tense and past participle of abóo'e, n. [see abide].

1. stay; a staying in a place; residence for a longer or shorter time.

place of residence; a dwelling; a habitation.

to make abide; to dwell or reside.

Syn.—dwelling, domicile, residence, house, home, habitation.

abóo'e, v.t. [see abide.]

abóo'ing, n. presentation. [Obs.]

abóo'gádó, n. [Sp.] a lawyer or advocate.

abóo'gádó' (ém'-), n. [obso] and ohm.] a C.G.S. electromagnetic unit, 10<sup>18</sup> ohm.

abóol'ish, v.t. [prob. *ab* + *olish*; *ab*, from, and *olish*, to grow.]

1. to make void; to annul; to abrogate; applied chiefly to laws, legal, laws, contracts, customs, institutions.

2. to destroy, or put an end to.

Syn.—abrogate, nullify, annul, repeal, revoke, cancel, destroy, do away with, annihilate.

abóol'ish-áble, a. that may be abolished, abrogated, or destroyed, as a law, rite, custom, etc.

abóol'ish-ér, n. one who abolishes.

abóol'mént, n. the act of annulling; abrogation.

abóol'ition, n. 1. the act of abolishing, or the state of being abolished; an abolition; abrogation; utter destruction; as, the abolition of laws, decrees, ordinances, rites, customs, etc.

2. sometimes A-1. the putting an end to slavery in the United States.

abóol'ition-ism, n. the principles of an abolitionist; belief in the abolition of slavery.

abóol'ition-ist, a. person who favors abolition, specifically, one who favored the abolition of slavery in the United States.

abóol'ition-ize, v.t. [abolish + *ize*.] *pl.* *pp.* to abolitionize, *ppr.* to teach abolitionism; to imbue with belief in abolitionism.

abóol'ita, n. [L.] a garment worn by the ancient Greeks and Romans.



ROMANS WEARING THE ANKLA

## about-face

which fails in its progress before it is matured or perfect, as a design or project.

4. in biology, (a) the incomplete or arrested development of an organ; (b) an organ whose development has been arrested.

ab'or-tion, n., a. abortive.

ab'or-tion-ist, n. one who causes or seeks to cause abortion, especially a criminal abortion.

ab'or-tion-ist, a. 1. brought forth in an immature state; failing or coming to naught, before it is complete.

2. failing in its effect; miscarrying; producing.

ab'or-tive, adj. as, an abortive scheme.

ab'or-tive gulf. [Rare.] a. chaotic; as, the

4. pertaining to abortion; as, abortive velveteen.

5. in medicine, (a) producing abortion; as, abortive drugs; (b) cutting short a disease process.

6. in biology, incompletely developed; imperfect or stunted, as an organ.

ab'or-tive, n. 1. that which is brought forth or born prematurely. [Obs.]

2. a tendency to cause abortion; an abortive instinct. [Obs.]

ab'or-tive-ly, adv. immaturely; as, an untimely manner.

ab'or-tive-ness, n. the state of being abortive; of success.

ab'or-tive-ment, n. an untimely birth. [Obs.]

ab'ound', v.i. *ab*, from, and *ound*, to be.

ab'ound', v.t. to be overfull.

1. to have or possess in great quantity; to be wealthy (in); as, to abound in good things.

2. to be in great numbers; to be very prevalent; as, to abound; sounds; game; sounds; abound with game.

Syn.—flourish, luxuriate, teem, overflow, swarm.

ab'ound-ing, adj. [AS. *abian*, *abianus*, *embian*, about, prep.]

1. around, on the exterior part or surface of; as, a girdle about the waist.

2. near to in place, with the sense of circumscription; close to; as, enemies about him on every hand.

3. near to in time, number, quantity, degree, etc.; as, about 12 o'clock; about three weeks; about 500 men; about a bushel; about the best; about my height.

4. near to in nature or of or near to the performance of; as, Paul was about to open his mouth.

5. near to the person of; appended to the clothes; as, everything about him is in order.

6. concerned in; engaged in; as, he abouted.

7. around, referring to compass or circumference; as, two yards about the stem.

8. here and there in different parts and directions; as, the gossip about the village; a man about town.

9. in relation to; having regard to; as, they will talk about a man.

10. to have; as, much about nothing.

about-é, adj. near to in quality, degree, etc.; as, about as high, or as cold.

2. on every side; all around.

3. here and there; here and there; in one place and another; as, wandering about.

4. in unison; as, ten miles about.

5. around, or by the longest way; as, a mile about, and half a mile across.

6. near, or standing somewhere about.

7. in an opposite direction; as, to face or turn about.

8. in readiness; as, about to sail; about to begin.

9. in succession or rotation; as, turn and turn about is fair play.

10. almost; all but; as, just about done.

about-faced, adj. 1. military. just command ordering soldiers to turn about or face oppositely.

about-faced, adj. 2. to bring the bring to the end; to effect or accomplish (a purpose).

to come about; to happen; to change or turn; as, the wind has come about.

seem to say go about; as, a ship changes her course to go about the other tack.

to be about to enter upon; also, to prepare to seek the means.

about-faced, n. the act of turning about, or facing opposite; a reversal, a reversal of opinion; a decided change of attitude.

about-faced, v.t. 1. about-faced, *ppr.* to effect an about-face.

about-faced, *ppr.* to an about-faced.

compliant

## composition

1. the act of composing or combining; the state of being composed.  
2. the act of writing out, or putting together of, records; also, composed Greek compositions; documents.

compliant  
composition  
compositivee

His son never must be far off.  
When these things cannot be done,  
—Shall  
a settled state of the mind; when ever  
counsel, remonstrance, rebuke, and  
simple measures, as  $\frac{1}{2}$  or  $\frac{1}{3}$ ,





THE DICTIONARY OF THE  
AMERICAN LANGUAGE

A HISTORY OF AMERICAN ENGLISH

The  
Unabridged  
Edition







ab-pat-tic (ab'pă-tik'), n. 1. a patho-  
logical condition, esp. of the heart or lungs. 2. anoxia (ab-pă-tik') to hide or stow away, equiv. to abs-  
conde-re to stow (con- = on + -dere to put; see on).  
3. decamp, bolt.

ab-se-cion (ab'se-shən), n. a town in SE New Jersey  
(32,000).

ab-sep-tal (ab'sep-tăl), Almond Climbing. —n. 1. a method  
of grafting in which the climber slides down a rope looped  
over or fastened to an overhead projection. —i. 2. t*c*  
lessered by an abscess. (< G abseil (ab down + seil  
a rope)).

ab-sent (ab'sent), n. 1. state of being away or not  
present: Spent all of one's time in absence. 2. period of  
being away: an absence of several weeks. 3. failure  
to attend or appear when expected. 4. lack; deficiency  
(an absence of proof). [late ME < MF < L absentia. See  
absent, -ent.] —Ant. 1. present.

ab-sent-ee flag, a rectangular blue flag flown at the  
waterline of a passenger or mail ship to indicate a yacht to  
the owner that she is away. Also, ab-sent flag.

ab-sense of mind, absent-mindedness.

ab-sense without 'leave', Mill. See A.W.O.L.

ab-sent (adj., ab-sent; v. ab-sent), off. 1. not in a  
certain place at a given time; away; missing; not present  
2. lacking; nonexistent: Reserve is an absent unit in this  
army. 3. not present (of a mind): absent-minded.  
4. to take or keep (present) away: to absent oneself from  
home. [late ME < L absens, of absens, pres. of absent  
to be away (ab- = on + -be (as in -ent-ent)).] —n.  
ab-sent-ness (ab'sent-năs), water (shallow). n. —ab-sent-er, n.  
—Syn. 1. out, off. —Ant. 1. present.

ab-sent-ee (ab'sent'ē), n. a person who is absent  
a person who is away from his or her own place, duty  
as a lodowner who does not live on his or her own estate,  
or a voter who is permitted to cast his ballot by mail  
[ANTONY + EE]. —ab-sent-ee, n.

ab-sentee bal-lot, the ballot used for an absentee  
vote.

ab-sen-ti-land-lord, a landlord who lives in a  
place other than that in which his property is located

ab-sen-ti-vote, a vote cast by a person who because of his or her absence from the place where the election has been  
held, is unable to vote in person. —ab-sent-i-vot'er.

ab-sen-te-o (ab'sen-tē'ō), law. in the absence  
of the defendant. Abbv: ab. re. [L lit. the part;  
being away]

ab-sen-tly (ab'sen-tlē), adv. inattentively. [ABSENT +  
-ly]

ab-sent-minded (ab'sent-mīnd'), adj. so lost in  
thought that one does not realize what one is doing, what  
is happening, etc.; preoccupied to the extent of being  
unconscious of one's surroundings. —Syn. withdrawn, musty, daydreaming, dreamy  
ABSENT-MINDED, ABSTRACTED, OBVIOUSLY all mean fu-  
lfilling to a limited extent the functions of the mind from  
the present: an absent-minded professor. ABSTRACTED  
implies that the mind has been drawn away from the im-  
mediate situation by a thought or idea. OBVIOUSLY implies ab-  
sorption in some thought which causes one to be com-  
pletely forgetful of or unaware of one's surroundings  
ABSENT-OF-MINDED, OBSCURE, OBVIOUS

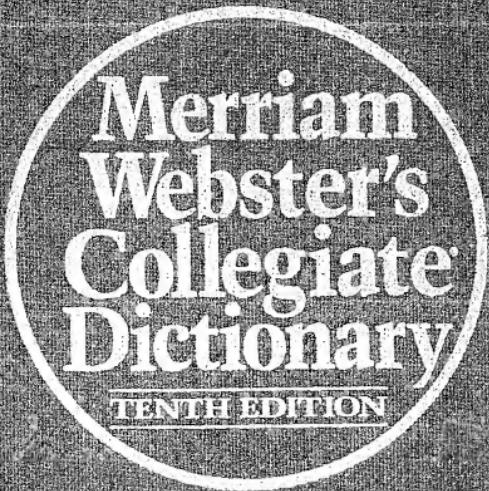
ab-sent without 'leave', Mill. See A.W.O.L.

ab-sin-the (ab'sin-thē), n. 1. a strong bitter, green  
colored, aromatic liqueur that is 65 percent alcohol  
is made with wormwood and other herbs, and has a  
bitter taste. 2. absinthe (ab'sin-thē), U.S. absinthe [Fr <  
absinthium (wormwood < Gr aspithion)]. —ab-sin-  
thi-al, ab-sin-thi-an, adj.

ab-sent-eeism (ab'sent'ē-izm), n. a diseased condi-  
tion due to the excessive use of absinthe. [ABSENT + -ism]

ab-sent-o-men (ab'sent'ō-men, Eng. ab'sent'ō-men), Lat.  
may it bear no ill ones. [lit. may ones be wanting

ab-so-lute (ab'so-lüt), adj. 1. free from imperfection  
or limitation; perfect: absolute liberty. 2. not mixed  
with another, esp. with another quality: absolute mis-  
ery. 3. absolutely definitive, absolute hostile. 4. free from re-  
striction or limitation; not limited in any way: absolute  
communist, absolute freedom. 5. unrestricted in the ex-  
ercise of power, esp. in a political or military sense: absolute  
power. 6. absolute monarch, throne with an iron hand  
viewed independently; not comparative or relative  
ultimate; intensive: absolute knowledge. 7. absolute  
knowledge; absolute truth. —n. 8. absolute knowledge. —gram.  
1. relatively independent syntactically. The construction  
*being Sunday* in *It being Sunday*, the present to start  
in the morning to work is absolute. 9. Physics. indi-  
cation of arbitrary standards or of particular properties  
of substances or systems: absolute humidity. 10. perti-  
nent to a system or units: absolute temperature. 11. absolute temperature scale: a thermometric  
system based on primary units, esp. units  
length, mass, and time, pertaining to a measurement  
based on an absolute zero or unit: absolute temperature  
scale. 12. Math. a mathematical expression set as a multi-  
system based solely on an individual's performance  
considered as representing his personal knowledge of  
given subjects or as a measure of his skill. —gram.  
1. absolute. The mathematical expression marks on an absolu-  
te scale. Cf. curve. 9. Climate, noting pertaining to the highest or lowest value of a meteor  
ological element occurring in a year or in any  
period of time: absolute maximum temperature. 12. Mat  
(as an inequality) indicating that the expression is tri



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11TH EDITION



